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(1) <u>Andrew W. Johns, primary examiner</u> .	(3) Frank Kozak, applicant repr.
(2) <u>Jeffrey Smith, examiner</u> .	(4)
Date of Interview:	
Type: a)☐ Telephonic b)☐ Video Conference c)☒ Personal [copy given to: 1)☐ applicant	2)⊠ applicant's representative]
Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: d) Yes If Yes, brief description:	e)⊠ No.
Claim(s) discussed: 1.	
Identification of prior art discussed: Squibbs (US 6,914,62	<u>26 B2)</u> .
Agreement with respect to the claims f) was reached.	g) was not reached. h) N/A.
Substance of Interview including description of the general reached, or any other comments: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u>	al nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was t.
(A fuller description, if necessary, and a copy of the amen allowable, if available, must be attached. Also, where no allowable is available, a summary thereof must be attached	ndments which the examiner agreed would render the claims copy of the amendments that would render the claims ed.)
GIVEN A NON-EXTENDABLE PERIOD OF THE LONGEF	e last Office action has already been filed, APPLICANT IS R OF ONE MONTH OR THIRTY DAYS FROM THIS TERVIEW SUMMARY FORM, WHICHEVER IS LATER, TO
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Examiner Note: You must sign this form unless it is an Attachment to a signed Office action.

Examiner's signature, if required

ANDREW W. JOHNS

Application No. 10/665,736

Continuation of Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: Discussed request for information and applicant agreed to submit the EP search report and would point to any features of the IDS references that might relate to the claimed features. Discussed applicant's invention and prior art. Applicant submitted three proposed amendments to claim 1 to distinguish from Squbbs. The changes in version 1 emphasize the use of the geographic database to identify photographs in proximity to a specified location. Applicant argues that Squbbs uses only latitude/longitude data to identify photos and therefore doesn't require a geographic database. In version 2, the user provides a physical location, which is transformed into an alternative format, while version 3 requires geocoding of the location information. Applicant points out that Squibbs doesn't transform the location into any alternative format and doesn't geocode the location information. Examiners agreed that they had a better understanding of the invention, and would consider the amended claim language with respect to the prior art.